

Catalog Description: Review of vector functions, space curves, gradients, and directional derivatives. Introduction to vector analysis: vector fields, divergence, curl, line integrals, surface integrals, conservative fields, and the theorems of Gauss, Green and Stokes with applications to force, work, mass, and charge.

Course Objectives: After completing this course, students will be able to

1. Perform multi-dimensional integration.
2. Use multi-dimensional integration to solve applied problems.
3. Perform computations with multi-dimensional vector functions.
4. Communicate mathematical ideas using correct and appropriate notation.

Learning Outcomes and Performance Criteria

1. Set up and compute multiple and iterated integrals.

Core Criteria:

- (a) Compute double and triple integrals over a rectangular domain.
 - (b) Set-up a double integral over a non-rectangular region.
 - (c) Set-up a double integral using polar coordinates.
 - (d) Set-up a triple integral in cylindrical coordinates.
 - (e) Set-up a triple integral in spherical coordinates.
 - (f) Compute an integral by reversing the order of integration (Fubini's Theorem).
 - (g) Compute a line integral over planar or space curves.
 - (h) Compute a surface integral.
 - (i) Compute a double integral by changing variables (Jacobian).
2. Use integral theorems to set up and solve multi-variable integrals.

Core Criteria:

- (a) Compute the area of a given shape using a double integral.
- (b) Compute the volume of a given shape using a triple integral.
- (c) Compute the length of a curve using a line integral.
- (d) Use a line integral to compute the work done by a vector field.
- (e) Use Stoke's theorem to compute a surface or line integral.
- (f) Use Green's theorem to compute a double or line integral.
- (g) Use Gauss' theorem to compute a surface or volume integral.
- (h) Compute a line integral using the fundamental theorem of line integrals.
- (i) Compute the flux of vector field through a surface.

Additional Criteria:

(a) Use integration to find the centroid of an object.

3. Understand vector functions in two and three-space, and be able to perform associated computations.

Core Criteria:

(a) Compute the gradient of a scalar field.

(b) Compute the Jacobian of a transformation.

(c) Determine if a vector field is conservative.

(d) Find the potential of a conservative field.

(e) Parameterize a surface or curve.

(f) Compute the curl and divergence of a field.

(g) Parameterize surfaces using rectangular, cylindrical, spherical, other coordinate systems.

Additional Criteria:

(a) Use vector calculus to solve applied problems.

(b) Compute the curvature of a space-curve.

4. All students are required to give a short presentation on one or more of the fundamental integral theorems.

Additional Criteria:

(a) Students may be asked to submit a written technical report that supports their presentation.